MBO4 Basic Methods in Plant Physiology, Anatomy and Ecology UE 4h 5ECTS Gert Bachmann, Lena Fragner, Wolfgang Postl, Jakob Weiszmann, Verena Ibl Block course in Mai 2018 07.-11. and 14.-18., 9:00-16:00

Aims, Topics:

The relationship between anatomical traits, metabolome and physiotype shall be presented and analyzed for model plants featuring C3, C4 and CAM (crassulacean acid metabolism) photosynthesis types.

The employed methods include microclimatic monitoring as well as metabolic profile analysis and diurnal acid metabolism (GCMS), cation content (HPLC), and a variety of photosynthesis activity parameters (Imaging PAM, SPAD ...) including the detection of photosynthesis pigments, stomata imprint and conductive vessel microscopy.

Experimental Design, Plants studied:

Main Experiment: C. rosea (CAM), C. minor (falcultative CAM), C. mexicana (C3) These Plants are grown in outdoor cultivation conditions and subjected to two treatment conditions that may induce CAM or repress that metabolic option.

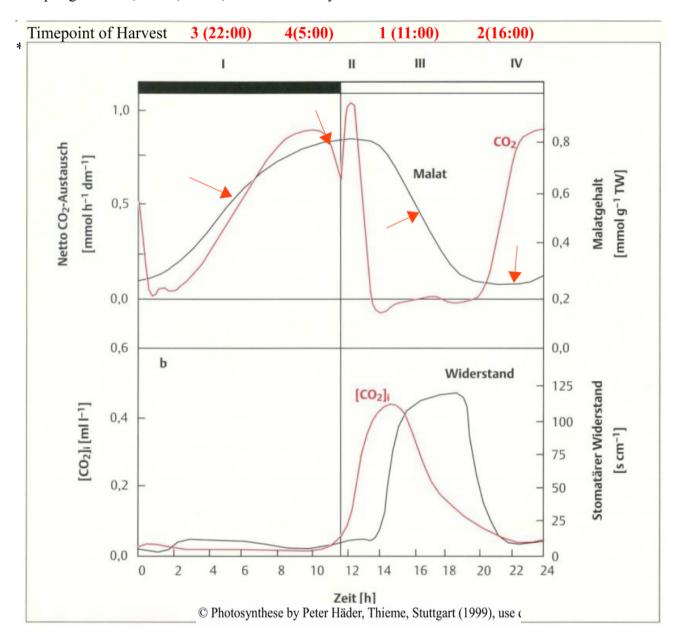
Demonstration: Sugar Caine, Field Bean, Tropeolum, Arabidopsis th.

Program Summary:

Day	Start: 8:45 End: ~ 16:00
M o 07	productivity tradeoff, design
Tue 08	Introduction in microclimate and photosynthesis measurement, measurements in the plant growth facilities
Wed 09	demonstration of analytical devices, day harvest
Th 10	Morning harvest of plant samples, sample preparation and processing
Fr 11	Sample Preparation and Analysis (GCMS)
Mo 14	plant anatomy, pH, KI-HPLC analysis
Tue 15	Photosynthesis pigment photometry, data processing (start)
Wed 16	Complete data processing, statistics
Th 17 Fr 18	Statistics, data evaluation, preparation of protocols Presentation of Results



Sampling Schedule: Sampling at 11:00, 16:00, 22:00, 06:00 for acidity and CO₂- Metabolism





Detailed Programme:

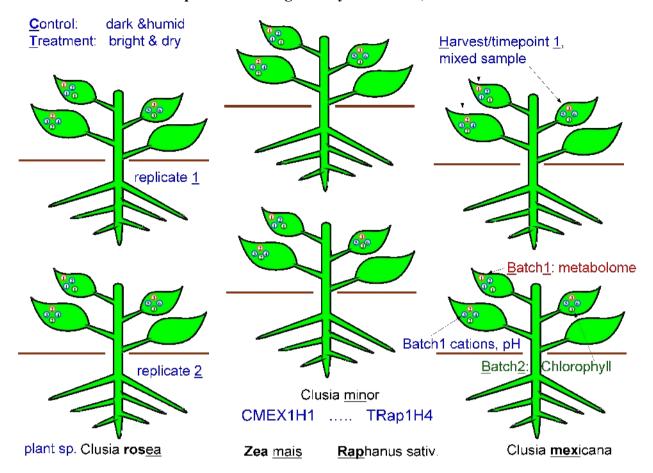
MONDAY 07.05	morning	Introduction: Light, Water, Temperature, CO2: Photosynthesis Types as a flexible Response to Microclimate Theory: Biochemistry of photosynthesis
	afternoon	Theory: Photosynthesis Metabolome
		Experimental design of the experiment, Clusia species and varieties
		Visiting the experimental locations
TUESDAY 08.05	morning	greenhouse facilities: microclimate, Introduction to microclimate and photosynthesis measurement Fluorescense: PEA, Imaging PAM, SPAD, Soil moisture, Porometry
	afternoon	Theory: photosynthesis measurement Fluorescense: PEA, Imaging PAM, SPAD, Porometry
WEDNESDAY 09.05	morning	DEMO of analytical devices: GC-MS
		1st harvest of Cusia – 10- 11:00 = peak of CAM acidity
	afternoon	DEMO of analytical devices: KI -HPLC, Titration
		2nd harvest of Cusia – 15- 16:00 = medium of CAM acidity
		3rd harvest of Clusia – 21- 22:00 = minimum of CAM acidity
THURSDAY 10.05	morning	Predawn measurements: PEA
		4th harvest of Clusia – 05:00- 6:00 = buildup of CAM acidity
	afternoon	Sample processing in ÜR5 and Mosys Lab
FRIDAY 11.05		Sample processing Analysis in Mosys Lab



MONDAY 14.05	morning	Plant anatomy Crosssections C3, C4, CAM	Plant anatomy Stomata Imprints C3, C4, CAM		
	afternoon	Plant anatomy Crosssections C3, C4, CAM		Chemistry Cation HPLC	
TUESDAY 15.05	morning	Chlorophyll content Photometer	Chemist ry pH, EC, RP		
	afternoon	Climatic Station Microclimate Readout of data Estimation of Specific Leaf Area SLA		Porometry P PAM Soil mo Chlorophyll S Stomata imp temperature	isture SPAD SLA orints Leaf
WEDNESDAY 16.05	morning	Data evaluation:	GCMS Cation HPLC Titration Chlorophyll photometer Statistics GCMS Cation HPLC Titration total acidity Chlorophyll photometer Statistics		
	afternoon	Data evaluation:			
THURSDAY 17.05	morning	final statistics, graphics			
	afternoon	Final evaluation, prep. of protocols (3 presentations, each group)			



Harvest Method and Sample Labels: long Acronym on tubes, Number on Vials



		Clusia mine	or	Biometry / Ha	rvest		
Leaf disks	disk	disk_r	area cm2	FW g	DW g	DW%FW	SLA dm2g-1
	1	r 6mm	1.131	0.080	0.017		
are	3			0.240	0.052		
cut	10			0.800	0.173	21.6	
from	1	r 5mm	0.785	0.056	0.012		
4	3			0.167	0.036		
leafs	10			0.556	0.120		
using		small leaf	42.411	3.000	0.649		0.654
a disk		1 small lea	nf: ~ 3g ~ 30) disks			

cutter,

collected as a mixed sample in a plastik tube and immediately stored in a -80°C freezer. For analysis, the frozen leaf samples are grinded in liquid nitrogen or boiled in demineralized water as given in the respective SOP.

Table of Sampling and Analysis Frequency:

MBO4 Exp. Design:	photosynthesis variants,	diı	urnal acid	m∈	etabolism	
locations species clusia rosea clusia mexicana clusia minor zea mais tropaeolum minus	Rollhaus Treatment dry/bright	2 2 2 2 2				starts on: 1 of Mai
Sampling Roster: microclimate locations measuring days gas metabolism plant species days recordings	2 day, 2 night (2 rep)			2	recordings (Recordings	4
experiment: diurnal acid n clusia sp. Treatment replicates, harvest GCMS		ер		3 2 8	GCMS	48
clusia sp. Treatment sampling Δ H $^{+}$	H1-4, 2 day, 2 night, 2 re	ер		3 2 8	Kations_san	nples 48
chlorophyll species treatment sampling	1 day <mark>H1</mark> , 2 rep			5 2 2	Photometry_	_samples 20
anatomical properties species sections stomata /inprint	demo 1treatment 1treatment			5 2 2		10 10

Ecophysiology

Monitoring: at_every harvest (H1-H4)

Air Temperature and Humidity Thermo/Hygrometer, Laser Thermometer

Soil Humidity: DeltaT ML3 Theta Probe Microclimate and Quantum Yield Photosynq MultispeQ,

Relative Chlorophyll Content: Minolta SPAD,
Photoystem II Quantum Yield: Hansatech PEA,
Porometry/Stomatal Conductance: DeltaT AP4

Light response curve: WALZ MiniPamII

Demo: Imaging PAM, Walz GFS3000 IRGA + leaf chamber, Delta T GP2 Datalogger

Sampling for Chlorophyll Photometry:

Only **on H1**(11:00):

cork driller, brown glass Flasks 5mL, 5 ml DMF, Photometer: UV glass cuvettes (10mm), mixed sample of 3 discs from 3 leaves , 1 disc per leaf, **all** 24 Plants

Sampling for GCMS of Metabolome and HPLC of Kations:

Every Harvest 15 mL FalconTubes, see SOP mixed sample of 4 discs, from 4 leaves (1 disc per plant leaf) only Clusia Sp.(12 Plants)

Plant Leaf Anatomy:

cross sections, stomatal imprints **one** sample per Species

Further material:

PSE (personal safety equipment) Lab Gloves, Lab spectacles, Lab coat to be used at all times in the Lab

A5 Lab protocol, fine black Permanent Markers, Laptops Al monitoring results will be stored and left in the lab!

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